

The Botsford-Gaetz Realty Co.
Real Estate - Insurance - Loans
REPRESENTING
Osler, Hammond & Nanton.
The Canada Permanent M'g Corp.

The News

The Botsford-Gaetz Realty Co.
REAL ESTATE BROKERS
FARMS - DWELLINGS - ACREAGE

VOL 7. NO. 33

RED DEER, ALBERTA, SEPTEMBER 13th, 1911

Subscription \$1.00 per year

"Trade Where the Trading's Good"

RIFLES

Our Stock was Never as Good as it is now

Savages, 3 different lines of - .22 cal.
Remington Repeater - .22 cal.
Maynard Jr. - .22 cal.
Steven's Favorite - .22 cal.
Little Scout - .22 cal.
Winchester Repeater, mod. '06 - .22 cal.
Winchester, mod. '02 - .22 cal.
Winchester, mod. 1894, in 30-30 and 32
Special, both octagon and round barrels
Savage, mod. 1899, in 30-30 and 303 cal.,
in both round and octagon barrels, and
take down pattern

We have given up a special fixture to Rifles and
are going to give them a little extra attention.
Little Scout, 22's are now priced at \$2.00 each, and
prices on all lines have been revised downward
this week.

SMITH & GAETZ
The Hardware People.

QUALITY IS THE FIRST CONSIDERATION
IN BUYING A WATCH.

When a man gets a watch he wants a good one, and one
that will last a lifetime and always be on the dot. The
complexity of modern civilization makes it often a matter
of money and sometimes of life and death, that people
should be on time.

REGINA WATCHES

Are designed to meet the demand for accurate and
durable time pieces—and they do. No detail of their
construction has been left open to criticism—in fact
they are made a little better than seems necessary.
But merit will win in the long run, and Regina
Watches, being universally guaranteed, will stand
the test of time. Come in and let us tell you more about them.

H. H. HUMBER, Watchmaker and Jeweller

Ladies' Sweater Coats

In the celebrated Hewson Pure Wool. Colors
Navy, Cardinal, White, Grey and other popular
shades. Prices from

\$2.50 to \$7.00

Rich Black Silk

Three Values in BLACK DRESS SILK
which merit first place

Black Beau de Soie, for Coats and Fall Dresses.
A silk that always gives satisfaction. 22 in. wide

\$1.15

Duchess Mousseline, in black, a rich dress silk, with
soft brilliant satin finish, guaranteed
quality and unfading color. 22 in. wide

\$1.00

Black Mousseline, new fall goods, a handsome
dress silk of pure French dye, in a quality that
will give absolute satisfaction. 22 in. wide

80c

T. A. GAETZ
DEPARTMENT STORE

"IT IS HER OWN SOUL THAT CANADA RISKS TO-DAY"

LONDON, Sept. 7.—Mr. Rudyard Kipling sends the following message to the Canadian people through The Family Herald and Weekly Star:

"Batemans, Burwash, Sussex, England, September 6.

"To the Editor of The Family Herald and Weekly Star:

"I do not understand how nine million people can enter into such arrangements as are proposed with ninety million strangers on an open frontier of four thousand miles, and at the same time preserve their national integrity.

"Ten to one is too heavy odds. No single Canadian would accept such odds in any private matter that was as vital to him personally as this issue is to the nation.

"It is her own soul that Canada risks to-day. Once that soul is pawned for any consideration, Canada must inevitably conform to the commercial, legal, financial, social and ethical standards which will be imposed upon her by the sheer admitted weight of the United States.

"She might, for example, be compelled later on to admit reciprocity in the murder rate of the United States, which at present, I believe, is something over one hundred and fifty per million per annum.

"If these proposals had been made a generation ago, or if the Dominion were to-day poor, depressed, and without hope, one would perhaps understand their being discussed; but Canada is none of these things. She is a nation, and as the lives of nations are reckoned, will ere long be among the great nations.

"Why, then, when she has made herself what she is, should she throw the enormous gifts of her inheritance and her future into the hands of a people who, by their haste and waste, have so dissipated their own resources that even before national middle age they are driven to seek virgin fields for cheaper food and living?

"Whatever the United States may gain, and I presume that the United States proposals are not wholly altruistic, I see nothing for Canada in reciprocity except a little ready money which she does not need, and a very long repentance.

"RUDYARD KIPLING."

The Car Shops

President Shaughnessy in Red Deer.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, President of the C.P.R., has come and gone, and still there is no statement as to where the car shops will be. At Calgary he said it would be Oct. 1st before the location would be known. At Medicine Hat, he said Monday, it would be at least a month before the lucky place would be announced. Now Red Deer is not quite ready for the car shops as yet, therefore they have not been announced. Sir Thomas is interested enough in our welfare to pay us a visit and take a look over our beautiful location, which he did on Sunday last. He has said he desires to locate the shops in the middle of the province, therefore Red Deer positively must be the spot selected. The car shop location will not be announced until we are ready for them. Keep your eye on Red Deer.

The Alberta Ladies' College

An important meeting of the Building Committee, together with the local members of the College Board, was held in the office of Mr. W. E. Lord on Thursday evening last. It was unanimously decided to begin building operations at once, and to put in the concrete work this fall. The tender of Messrs. Barnes and Walker, of Edmonton, for structural steel, was accepted. Several matters of detail were entrusted to sub-committees, and the work will be pushed ahead with all possible speed. It is felt that with the basement work completed this fall, the college building as a whole can easily be ready by the first of Sept., 1912. The finance committee is working hard to increase the subscription list and arrange the finances. When completed the college will be an ornament to Red Deer and a credit to the whole province.

Penhold

The Rev. Arthur Barner, President of the Methodist conference, will conduct divine service on Sunday, Sept. 17th, at the following places: Antler Hill School House, 4:15 a.m.; Horn Hill Methodist Church, 3 p.m.; Penhold Methodist Church, 8 p.m. A cordial invitation to all.

Liberal Panic in Old Quebec

Evidence Becomes Clearer Every Day That Province Will Swing Against Laurier.

Montreal, Sept. 10.—The campaign is at its height in the province of Quebec today, and everything points to a slump against the Laurier-Taft party. The fact that the once idol has to return here to endeavor to stem the tide is plainly indicative of the way things are going. Hon. Mr. Levesque, having gone to Gaspe, the ministerialists are without strong speakers, while Bourassa and his score of trained speakers are swarming over the province carrying everything before them, and Mr. C. H. Cahane is doing amongst the English what Bourassa is accomplishing amongst the French. Converts are coming over in drives, and number some of the leading men of the city.

The anti-reciprocity feeling is even stronger amongst the French than the English, and the strong undertone evidenced on every side would point to a very powerful unseen power on the fighting line. Bourassa has at last swung squarely against the pact, and Armand Lavergne will follow suit in the Quebec district tomorrow, so it goes without saying that reciprocity will be the great and one issue upon which an undivided party will lay siege to the Laurier forces tomorrow all along the line. By tomorrow night there will not be a gap, and everything would seem to point to a sweep similar to the national policy victory of 1878. With such men as James Carruthers, Paul Galbraith, Jim Redmond, George Cavell, Robert Archer, J. A. Hart, J. K. Greenhalgh and scores of other first citizens deserting Laurier and working for Canada, no hing shot of a panic can be expected by election day.

Men's Brotherhood

The first of the men's brotherhood meetings was held on Sunday afternoon in the schoolroom of the Gaetz Memorial Church, a fairly good crowd being present. A short but interesting address on "The young man as a Christian" was given by the pastor, the Rev. Robt. Pearson. The music was furnished by the orchestra. The subject for next Sunday will be "The young man as a church member" and will be taken by the Rev. Robt. Pearson.

A. A. McGillivray Meetings

The whirlwind campaign of A. A. McGillivray, the Conservative candidate, goes merrily on. In every meeting he has held he has made votes. His great ability as an orator, his powerful logic, his forceful and convincing way of appealing to the electors, has carried the meetings by storm. At Olds he claims he will break even. At Lacombe they promise him a majority. The west country is solid for him. Innisfail will give him a big majority. The east country is solid, and every day the pact is studied by farmers adds votes to his standard. Yeoman service has been rendered by E. Michener, M.P.P., who has delivered a number of able addresses, and W. E. Payne, A. Rogers, G. W. Greene, E. H. Johns, Dr. Collison and others have rendered valuable service at meetings throughout the country. Everything points to a big majority for McGillivray on the 21st.

Unnecessary Scare

Citizens have been on the verge of a panic the past week, owing to two deaths from infantile paralysis. John Shaddon, the twelve year old son of Mr. and Mrs. John McMillan, died Thursday morning, after forty-eight hours sickness. He developed a cold on his chest, settling in the organs of respiration, and in spite of all that could be done, passed quietly away, as stated above. Life was kept up by artificial respiration by Revs. Pearson and Brown, but eventually the heart failed, and the little fellow, who was informed of his coming end, sent kisses to his mother, sisters and friends, and in a few minutes was dead. Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Heath also lost a bright, little four-year-old boy Wednesday night from the same cause. At once the Medical Health Officer, Dr. Collison, took precautions to prevent the spread of the disease. The schools were closed and children prohibited going to the houses. Another death took place across the river, but it could not be traced to this disease. There were several other children sick, and a number of people became nervous and took precautions to prevent their children catching the disease. The sick children are on the mend, therefore they did not have infantile paralysis, and no other cases occurring, school was reopened today, and it is hoped the panic is over. The parents of the little ones have the heartfelt sympathy of all in their bereavement.

NOW IN STOCK

Some of the Classiest

HEATING STOVES

Ever Shown in Red Deer

PENINSULAR RANGES AND HEATERS

from the foundries of the celebrated CLARE Bros., Preston, Ont., have given the West unqualified satisfaction.

The Day Hardware Co.
SUCCESSORS TO F. H. TALLMAN

DIAMONDS

ARE a GOOD INVESTMENT
IF YOU BUY RIGHT

We have a fine selection of good blue white stones mounted in Rings, Brooches Tie Pins

Fine 5-stone Diamond Ring \$55

Inspect our stock before buying elsewhere

HAROLD J. SNELL

DIAMOND MERCHANT AND GOLDSMITH
Graduate Canadian Ophthalmic College, and
Empire College of Ophthalmology, Toronto
ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

THIS WEEK'S OFFERINGS

Houses

In Parkvale, a splendid home. Frame house and good barn on two lots, in first-class condition. This week for only

\$2650.00 Terms

Lots

On Mann St., Parkvale, two choice high lots at \$450 each. These are good

Hillsboro

This popular subdivision continues to move merrily along. The whole property is being cleared and streets are being cut out, giving the whole a beautiful parklike appearance. Several houses are in process of building. Buy now at these exceedingly favorable prices.

Prices—\$100 and \$75. Quarter cash. Balance in 6, 12 and 18 months.

Michener, Carscallen and Company

R. B. BENNETT, K.C.

Will address the Electors of Red Deer in the interest
of A. A. McGillivray on

MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 18th
AT THE LYRIC THEATRE.



H. G. STONE & SONS
PRACTICAL
PAINTERS & DECORATORS
PAPERHANGERS, ETC.
GAETZ AVE. SOUTH - RED DEER
PHONE—Office, 172; House, 24
WALL PAPERS

NORTH RED DEER
BARGAINS IN REAL ESTATE
THE PRICE of this PROPERTY will SOON GO UP, SO GET IN WHILE THERE IS TIME.
It is the closest in of any subdivision on the market.
It has splendid residential lots, and also the only truckage facilities for factories, warehouses, etc., with prospects of greater truckage facilities in the near future.
The land is mostly level and dry, and the situation adapts itself naturally to easy and cheap sewerage.
The taxes are low and all the improvement rates will be used during the coming summer for grading roads and constructing sidewalks.
NORTH RED DEER has a fine future and is unequalled as a safe and sound investment. Why not try it?
FOR SALE BY
G. H. BAWTINHEIMER



SUMMER IS HERE
YOU NEED
A Nice SUIT
And the BEST of Material
All these features, with high-class workmanship, are combined in the garments made by
H. G. MUNRO, Merchant Tailor
Phone No. 205 Ross Avenue, Red Deer.

J. R. FORRESTER
BAKER AND CONFECTIONER
PURE ICE CREAM
Come and try a dish of our Ice Cream, and we will not need to advertise it any more. Always Fresh and Firm.
The place for real **HOME-MADE BREAD**, and don't forget to give it a trial.
14 LOAVES FOR 1 DOLLAR
PHONE ORDERS promptly attended to. PHONE 88
MEAT PIES DAILY
NEWS BLOCK, GAETZ AVE.

RED DEER IRON WORKS.
Morrison Street, - Telephone 169.
Shaft turning, Wheeling and Pipes screw cut to any size and number of threads by machinery.
Repairs to all kinds of machinery promptly executed. The works are fitted throughout by most modern new machinery driven by Electric Motor.
J. W. BROUGHTON,
Engineer, Millwright, Machinist

THE IMPERIAL BAND
President Taft Says Reciprocity Would Weaken British Preferential Tariff

President Taft, speaking to the newspapermen of the United States at a banquet held in New York, said: "Why should we not have a closer union with Canada? Think of the absurdity of separating Manitoba and Minneapolis by a great stretch of land in Manitoba and Liverpool, when certainly Providence intended that their separation, socially and commercially, should only be that of their geographical distance. Canadians have furnished us with a large number of our best citizens. We are giving them a large number of the pick of our young farmers. Let us open the gateway between us. Let us give to both countries the profit of the trade that God intended between us. Let the political governments remain as they are. Let us abolish arbitrary and artificial restrictions to the free movement of our friends upon the north and derive the mutual benefit that it will certainly bring."
In conclusion the President said: "I have said that this was a critical time in the solution of the question of reciprocity. It is critical because unless it is now decided favorably to reciprocity, it is exceedingly probable that no such opportunity will ever again come to the United States. The forces which are at work in England and in Canada to separate her by a Chinese wall from the United States and to make her part of an imperial commercial band reaching from England around the world to England again by a system of preferential tariffs, will derive an impetus from the rejection of this treaty, and if we would have reciprocity with all the advantages that I have described, and that I earnestly and sincerely believe will follow its adoption, we must take it now or give it up forever."

THEY LIKE PROTECTION
American Farmers Know Its Benefits, Hence Fight Reciprocity

The farmers of the United States have been given an opportunity through the present reciprocity agitation to show their real feeling on the subject of protection. An element in this country has been wont to set the farmers up against the manufacturers, to say that the tariff protection enjoyed by manufacturers was afforded at the expense of agriculture, and that the farmers were just waiting an opportunity to burst the chains with which they were bound. But what are the facts? In no country in the world has the principle of protection to industry been carried to such great lengths as in the United States. On many articles the tariff runs up to one hundred per cent, or higher. This has been the condition almost continuously for a generation, so that there has been ample time for the people to learn the merits or demerits of the system. Yet the reduction in the tariff proposed in the Reciprocity Agreement has been met with practically unanimous opposition among the farmers of the United States. They want well enough left alone. They know prosperity which they have enjoyed in common with other classes of the population under the present system, a prosperity which is based on full employment for all with an expanding market. Such protection is not to be jeopardized lightly. The farmers of the United States know from experience that there is one outstanding test of the success of any system of economics. Give us a system, they say, which will afford the opportunity of work to every citizen, the opportunity of work presupposing a scale of remuneration which will be adequate to the service and to the cost of living. Providing all citizens are profitably employed, what is lacking for prosperity? Judging the protective system as in force in the United States by this standard the farmers are no doubt as to its success. Therefore they have protested with all their force against a deviation from that system. We in this country should profit by the experience of the United States.

THE BARLEY CROP
Free Trade in This Cereal Would Be Financial Loss to Farmers

Barley has two great uses, the most important being its value as a condensed food for live stock; the other is the use it is put to in the brewing of beer. For from barley is made malt, one of the chief constituents of beer, and hence the importance of the brewing industry that Canada has in the past exported her barley to the United States under the Dingley tariff of 1897. This put a duty of 30 cents per bushel of forty-eight pounds on barley entering the United States. On barley-malt one of 45 cents per bushel of 84 pounds. After the tariff was cut to 15 cents per bushel of 45 pounds, 1,674,193 bushels in 1898 to 787,787 bushels in 1897, and today we are all expecting to see a further increase from 1,475,595 bushels. The great use of barley to ourselves for ourselves as a food for live stock is not to be overlooked. It is a splendid crop to raise. If this grain be fed to cattle the land recovers its natural return. As our livestock increase so will our barley. Ontario is the best proof. In spite of the Dingley tariff the market value of our barley crop has increased from \$4,812,194 to \$12,900,689 during the last ten years. It must therefore be conceded that allowing the free entry of Canadian barley into the United States would have no material effect for good on the quality or quantity of our barley. Neither would it add towards the financial betterment of our farmers. It has nothing but an influence towards the continual exhaustion of Canada's most precious and richest heritage, her farm lands.

WOULD LOWER PRICES
The Results of Opening Canadian Markets to Free Entry

The opening of Canadian markets to the free entry of the natural products from the numerous countries mentioned above, it has been shown, would just afford another opportunity for an extra portion of the billion dollars' worth of farm produce exported from these countries every year. This would this mean to the Canadian farmer, who, with the exception of the United States, would not have the right of penetrating the protective walls of those countries, which would be sending increased quantities of produce into his market?
(1) It would mean that prices for farm produce would be lowered in Canada.
(2) It would mean that the present high quality of the "twelve favored nations" would lose their identity through mingling with inferior stuff from other countries.
(3) It would mean that United States would do most of Canada's export trade in grain.
(4) It would mean that the subsidization of steamships plying between Canada and the many favored countries mentioned above, amounting to over \$1,000,000 per year, would be turned against Canada, inasmuch as these subsidized steamships would be able to bring foreign products that much cheaper to our markets to compete against Canadians.

HELPING THE COMPETITOR
Just what the opening of our markets to the free entry of the agricultural products of the "twelve favored nations" will mean in dollars and cents (not to the Canadian farmer, but to his competitor) is not difficult to see when one considers the principal exports of those countries and the proportion of them that Canada now receives in spite of the duties. It is only reasonable to suppose that if agricultural produce comes into Canada now in the face of various duties, the influx will increase greatly if all imports are removed. The farmer who then be subjected to a competition he never expected, and instead of higher prices for his produce under reciprocity he will surely meet an era of lower prices.

Dr. de Van's Female Pills
A reliable French regulator never fails. These pills are exceedingly powerful in regulating the generative portion of the female system. Refuse cheap imitations. Dr. de Van's are sold at 50c, or three for \$1.50. Mailed to any address. See Scotch Drug Co., St. Catharines, Ont.
For Sale at Gaetz-Cornett Drug Store

WONDERFUL PROGRESS

Canada Now Consumes 80 Per Cent. of Her Own Produce
Under protection the country has made wonderful progress, our population has grown rapidly, our business with Great Britain has largely developed, we have built up an immense inter-provincial trade, national sentiment has strengthened, and all classes are prosperous and content, said Hon. Clifford Sifton. Our home markets have so increased that they are taking 80 per cent. of our total farm products, while 80 per cent. of the balance is being taken by Great Britain. Under these circumstances there were any valid reasons for our entering into any negotiations with the United States? We have been told that the very best of reasons was that both political parties in Canada for the last 40 years had strongly desired reciprocity in natural products and that, therefore, the position needed no consideration. The objection to that statement is simply that it is untrue. In the House of Commons in 1899, Sir Wilfrid Laurier said: "If we know the hearts and minds of our people at present, I think I am not making too wide a statement when I say that the general feeling in Canada is not in favor of reciprocity."

NOT OUR SALES AGENT
Canadian Must Not Allow Uncle Sam to Sell for Them

If Canada were to go into the Knox-Fiddling pact, the commercial merger thus formed would take the name of the larger member.
The name and style on the continental signboard—and eventually on the Continental map—would be the most apt and with practically no general mark would be the Stars and Stripes.
Our No. 1 hard wheat, our prime Canadian cheese, our superior bacon, our unequalled fruit—all the staple articles by which our producers have spread the name and fame of Canada, would be mingled with the products of the United States and would bear the national label of that country.
Canada's individuality, now so strongly marked in so many respects with great benefit to the country, would be lost in the Continental mass.
So the one thing which we must not allow to be lost is our own name. We have thought need be to hold our own name would be the loss of this country's reputation as a producer of various valuable products.
Years of patient statehood and decades of painstaking care on the part of our producers were necessary to build up the Canadian brand in the world's great consuming markets.
Are we to give up the fruits of this development and turn over to the United States the business of selling and buying for us?
We have become a trading nation on our own account, and we will not make the United States an economic merchant, broker, or middleman between us and any other country.

WHAT WOULD HAPPEN?
The Canadian Farmer Would Not Get as Much for His Butter

As far as butter is concerned, the Reciprocity agreement would mean:
(1) Lower prices for the Canadian farmer.
(2) The loss of what little export trade he now enjoys.
(3) The loss of what small revenue now is realized from imports into Canada.
(4) A general demoralization of the dairy industry in Canada due to the lowering of prices and mixing of foreign and home grades of butter.
Canada's export trade in butter is not so great at the present time as her farmers can afford to temper their dairy industry by a tariff scheme that would, in all probability, make the country's imports in this article greater than her exports. In the year ending 1910 Canada shipped only 4,615,380 pounds of butter, worth \$1,019,274. Canada's imports of butter on the other hand amounted to 887,464 pounds, worth \$104,301.

THE POULTRY YARD
Eggs a Great National Asset for Farmers' Wives and Daughters

One of the most lucrative departments of farming in Canada to-day is the poultry yard. Because of the steady increase in the consumptive demands of Canadians, the export trade of the Dominion in eggs has swelled from nearly twelve million dozen in 1902 to less than a hundred thousand dozen in the fiscal year ending March, 1911. There has been with this increase in exports a corresponding increase in imports, especially from the United States. Our imports for consumption in 1902 were 772,572 dozen, and in 1911 the amount imported was 2,875,640 dozen. In spite of the protective duty of 8 cents per dozen Canada's demand for eggs is so great that she is importing about twenty-five times as many eggs as she is exporting. Why not preserve this great national asset for the wives and daughters of our farmers, and thus add to the domestic happiness of the land?

THE CASH SYSTEM
The Cash System

On and after September 1st all orders for coal and wood must be paid for when ordered.
D. A. LAMONT

MANIPULATED BY TRUSTS

The American market into which the Canadian farmer is to be invited to try his luck is in no need of Canadian produce. The United States, with its great range of territory and its climate, produces a vast surplus of all kinds of agricultural products, and these products are monopolized by the food-distributing trusts to the disadvantage of many of the producers. Go up and down this country in which the New England farmers ought to find a profitable market, and what do you find? You find the cold storage plants of the Chicago packing houses and of the fruit and dairy trusts, taking the toll that the farmers ought to get from the breakfast and dinner tables of the great army of consumers. Here are some of the prices of farms actually on offer at the moment in the New England States. In the township of Bethel, Windsor County, Vermont, a farm of 45 acres, \$700; another of 30 acres, \$1,300; another of 80 acres, \$2,600. In the township of Brattleboro, Vt., 180 acres, \$3,000; another of 140 acres, \$2,200; another of 250 acres, for \$1,800; another of 225 acres, for \$1,800; another of 180 acres, for \$2,000.
In New Hampshire, in the township of Tilton, is a farm of 500 acres for \$4,400; 150 acres for \$2,900; in Peterborough, N.H., 175 acres, for \$5,900; and so one might go on. These prices are not exceptional. There are many hundreds of farms at such prices, farms on which there are good buildings, and on which, in some cases, even stock and implements are thrown in gratis. Moreover, these are not the cash prices; in all the instances quoted a small cash price and the rest on easy terms will suffice. Even at such prices purchasers cannot be found, and farm after farm is abandoned.

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KENT & VICKERS
PAINTERS
DECORATORS
PAPERHANGERS
ADDRESS—Next Door to Windsor Hotel.
I'm Out For Your Business
Nothing Too Small For Me to Handle
ORDERS can be Left at T. A. GAETZ' STORE
P.O. Box 311 Phone 119
JOE WRIGHT
EXPRESS & LIGHT DRAYMAN

RED DEER BAKERY
FLOUR
When buying Flour it is important that you buy the best obtainable. Now, we have just unloaded a car of Flour that will give you the best of satisfaction.
In buying your Flour from a baker you buy Flour that is put to a practical test every day. You are not buying a Flour that is sold to you on any one's word, but we will be pleased to show you the Bread produced daily at this Bakery made from the same Flour. The Prices are right, being:
GOLDEN GRAIN - \$3.30
LIBERTY - 3.10
CHAMPION - 3.20
EGGS and BUTTER taken as Cash for Flour

HAMILTON
AT THE RED DEER BAKERY
Gaetz Ave. Phone 15

A Large new Consignment of **HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE** just received. Call and see it, it will cost you nothing to look.
Special Values In EXTENSION TABLES
Solid Oak extension table, 6, 8, or 10 ft. long. Prices \$16.00, \$19.00, \$23.00.
Surface Oak extension table from \$10.00.
These tables we have in either the square or round styles and we are confident that they are the best values ever offered in Red Deer.
A full line of Dining Room, Hall and Bedroom furniture carried.
Our Folding Steel Couches and Davenport are great Space-Savers. "The Handiest thing in the Home." 40 inches wide when open \$13.00 and \$14.50.
NOTE THE ADDRESS
E. G. JOHNS & CO.
GAETZ AVE. NORTH

GRAIN GROUND AND WOOD CUT.

The undersigned is prepared to grind all kinds of grain for 8c a sack, and will cut wood for \$3.10 per hour and furnish two men. Send in your order. Will go to your barn to do the grinding.

A. EVERALL.

Red Deer Post Office, or orders may be left at the News Office, July 19

Imperfect Kidney Action Causes Rheumatism

Rheumatism with its kindred ailments—Lumbago, Wry Neck, Neuralgia, etc., usually results from lodgements of uric acid in the joints and muscles. Now the chief function of the kidneys is to properly filter this poison from the blood. Only when they fail to do this is Rheumatism probable. Kidney weakness starts in various ways. A sudden chill, after perspiring freely, sometimes settles in the kidneys—or an unusual strain may cause it. Poisons which should be filtered out of the system are pumped back into the blood, causing Uric Acid, the real cause of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Wry Neck, Neuralgia, etc. In the early stages Nyal's Stone Root Compound will stop it. Will start your kidneys working properly so that the Uric Acid is reabsorbed and eliminated. Away goes your Rheumatism with it. Perhaps these early warning twinges have passed unheeded, and your Rheumatism has become deep seated. Muscles all cramped up in knots as it were. Then you'll need Nyal's Rheumatic Cure. Ask your own druggist about these remedies. His opinion is worth while.



Sold and guaranteed by The Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co., Ltd., and Gordon B. Parker, Red Deer.

Hardware Business For Sale

The undersigned, owing to the illness of his wife, is compelled to sell out his Hardware Business at Blackfalds and go at once to the coast with his wife. He will therefore sell at a very reasonable price to anyone desirous of purchasing.

Last year the sales amounted to \$8500.00.

The stock is valued at about \$2500, and \$400 cash will handle it, with \$25 per month for the balance at 8 per cent. Good farm or town property taken as security for the unpaid balance.

E. WIDEEN Blackfalds

Aug. 28 2 wks. 1"

SYLVAN LAKE

The Beauty Spot

Mr. RUTHER has completely renovated and re-furnished the Hotel and has doubled its capacity. Every facility for catering to the

Comfort & Pleasure

of guests has been supplied.

The Hotel is Now in Full Running Order.

Automobiles will meet all trains in Red Deer, and a Car will be kept at the Lake for guests.

Fishing

Boating

Bathing

The beach is unexcelled for Bathing in the West. The government has stocked the Lake with Black Bass.

Write or phone for reservation

C. J. RUTHER
SYLVAN LAKE

Good Form



The girl who is popular is she who makes a study of the things that are better left unsaid. One thing that is aggressive in speech is to be a social failure.

Oh, those things that mean no actual harm, yet make us aquiver! Sometimes thoughtlessness is at fault, again a too hasty tongue, more often lack of fine feeling. There is nothing, for instance, in announcing you have been invited to a certain luncheon or dinner, yet, when that announcement makes another woman realize she is a bit up, far better would it be to say nothing about it. You may think it shows how popular is your guest (to remark the number of things that are being given in her honor). Tell of this entertaining to a friend who feels she should do likewise, but is prevented by poverty. It is one of the things far better left unsaid.

If you are the hostess who has achieved at much trouble two tables of bridge or a simple family dinner for a friend's house guest, don't you feel when that friend announces that she was compelled to turn down an elaborate luncheon for your invitation that the information might have better have been suppressed? Better unsaid is the gloomy greeting to an imaginative friend: "How pale you look! Have you been sick?" To the average fat woman far better unsaid are discussions on flesh, dumplings, big hips and double chins. The hundredth woman may not be sensitive, but the ninety-nine secretly resent being asked, "How much do you weigh now?" or "Aren't you stout-er than the last time we met?"

The Notes to Write. A girl need not be a brilliant writer to send out pleasing wedding notes. What is needed is sincere gratitude, gracefully but not gushingly expressed. Overpraise is almost as annoying as indifference. Never be guilty of a set form; your friends are sure to compare notes and laugh over ready writer effects. Aim to give the individual touch. Introduce the few words that make the sender realize that she is really being thanked, not a job lot of givers. It is customary to include your name in thanking for a wedding present. Though the gift comes to the girl, it is really for both and should be so acknowledged.

It is also the custom to tell your friends you will be glad to have them come in and see your presents. This is particularly necessary when there is to be no reception and you are to live out of town. Set hours may be mentioned if you do not wish to be bothered with a run of visitors. Many brides write notes to their own friends and work a substitute for the friends of their husbands. This is a great mistake, since strangers have often no other way to judge the bride than by her note of thanks.

The Chaperson Question. Is the chaperson growing less necessary? Is it always necessary for a party of young people to have a chaperson? asks an anxious mother.

The good fellowship which prevails among young men and young women at the present time has not lessened the importance of the chaperson. At all times a chaperson is considered best form, and so matter how well a party of young people may know one another the presence of a chaperson gives dignity to what is a good time. They may have on hand and also safety in case of an unforeseen disaster, as an older woman presumably has her wits about her in an emergency and can decide what is best to be done. Well bred girls and men would not for an instant think of going off on any expedition unless a chaperson accompanied them.

On Good Breeding. A great part of our education is sympathetic and social. Boys and girls who have been brought up with well informed and superior people show in their manners an inestimable grace. Fuller says that "William, earl of Nassau, won a subject from the king of Spain every time he took off his hat." You cannot have one well bred man without a whole society of such. They keep each other up to any high point. Especially women. It requires a great many cultivated women—salons of bright, elegant, reading women, accustomed to ease and refinement, to spectacles, pictures, sculpture, poetry and to elegant society—in order that you should have one Mme. de Staël—Emerson.

A Vacation Hint. Young girls who had unaccompanied by escort of any kind at an out of town resort, as it is sometimes necessary for business women to do, need not be careful of the acquaintances they make. If some perfectly unknown man is assiduous in his attentions the unprotected girl should make a point of sitting under the wing of some elderly woman guest at the same house until the man has proved his worth.

Never Disappoints

Parisian Sage is the Favorite Hair Tonic Wherever Sold.

And why shouldn't it be? Any preparation that is guaranteed to cure dandruff, stop falling hair and cure itching scalp in two weeks, or money back, and that does what it is guaranteed to do, ought to be the favorite and also the best seller. The girl with the Auburn hair is on every package of Parisian Sage.

and Gaetz-Cornett, Drug & Book Co., who are the agents in Red Deer, will sell you a large bottle for 50 cents on the money back plan, or you can get it direct, all charges prepaid, from the Canadian makers, the Gironx Mfg. Co., Fort Erie, Ont. Women who desire beautiful, lustrous and soft, fluffy hair in a week's time should use Parisian Sage. It gives life and beauty to any person's hair, and is the most delightful and daintily perfumed hair dressing, and is not sticky or greasy.

Woman's World

Helen Frick, Helms, Very Rich, Though Simple in Her Tastes.



HELEN FRICK, DAUGHTER OF PITTSBURGH

Less is known about Helen Frick, the Pittsburgh heiress, than about almost any other rich girl, says the New Idea Woman's Magazine.

Her portrait has been painted by a great artist, but the picture is jealously guarded by the family. It portrays a typical American girl, with broad forehead, wide apart hazel eyes, a wealth of reddish brown hair which waves naturally and a softly curved mouth. Only the nose and chin suggest the fineness of her character. She does not resemble her mother in the least, her only brother, Henry Frick, Jr., taking after that parent in looks. Helen is a great chum of her mother as well as of her big brother. Mrs. Frick is in no sense of the word a society woman. The home life of the family has been ideal, never having been fouled by a breath of those odious scandals which seem to cling to the homes of some of the rich.

There has never been any garish show of wealth in the Frick home nor any parade of philanthropies. Helen Frick is just as femininely business as any other young woman of her age. She is fond of pretty clothes and likes to plan and shop for them herself. Most of her gowns are made right in New York, for, like the rest of the family, she cares little for Europe or its products, although she has, of course, traveled extensively abroad.

But shopping is not the natural pleasure to her that it is to other girls because of the fact that when she starts on such an errand she is obliged to take two detectives to plain clothes along with her. She has objected strenuously to this time and again regarding it as an infringement on her personal liberty. But on this one point she has never been able to outgeneral her father.

Therefore when Helen Frick goes to buy lace for a gown or a pair of dainty slippers she is obliged to do so with a pair of detectives looking on. And, as she has no often said, "that spoils half the fun."

The Policeman's. The policeman is now to be reckoned with. Kansas City has a woman in police uniform in one of its theaters, and the experiment has proved successful. Miss Lillian Doran was formerly a schoolteacher in Iowa. Her success in managing unruly boys eventually led to her appointment as a police officer of the Century theater. During a fire in an adjoining building she cleared the house in a manner so orderly and thoroughly afterward stopping traffic in the street to give the fire apparatus room, that the city authorities bestowed upon her a police officer's commission.

Furniture Covering. If you do not wish to go to the expense of having covers for your furniture made by the upholsterer try the expedient of pinning on summer covers. Cut pieces the exact size of chair or section of sofa, allowing enough to turn in a hem all around edge if it be not bound with wash bands. Fasten the pieces in place with big headed white pins placed as close as upholsterer's tacks. The pins are ornamental and form a trimming. If less material is desired get pins of gilt or color of braid.

Thunderstorms and Milk. The popular belief that thunderstorms sour milk seems to be pretty thoroughly exploded. Experiment has shown that milk deprived of lactic organisms is not affected by climatic conditions, and if milk is kept cold it does not sour in thunder weather. The apparent connection between thunderstorms and sour milk is probably due to the sultry conditions preceding the storm.

Successful Women. Miss Catherine M. Cook, state superintendent of public instruction for Colorado, and Mrs. Sam P. Pecker, took the leading parts in the laying of the cornerstone of the first building erected in Colorado to be devoted exclusively to the development of household art and women's work. The building is the gift of Senator Guggenheim to the Colorado Agricultural college.

Like Rush of A Sea

American Trusts Will Pour in and Swamp Canada

London, Aug. 29.—Mr. J. Beattie Crozier, writes in The Fortnightly Review as follows: "Although Sir Wilfrid Laurier may say he has been careful in giving free trade in some things he has kept the worst of the dictations of Canada's industrial powers of the nations concerned."

MEANS ANNEXATION.

"I venture to predict that if Canada does not protect her agriculture as well as her manufactures all along her frontier line with a veritable Chinese wall higher rather than lower than it is today, for the next twenty years at least, she will, within a generation, have become an industrial and economic if not a political annex of the United States as the Provinces of the ancient world were of Rome. Unless Canada does this, she will pour like a sea through the breach, and driving a wedge between the West and the East, between Canadian agriculture on the one hand and manufactures on the other, will conquer each in detail right and left, using the defeat of each in final plunder and then to incorporate the other. "Even if Canadians lay howling under the wheels of their own trusts as much as Americans do under the wheels of theirs, the trusts would still be their own home wealth. The difference would be that Americans would get both the cream and the skim milk for themselves. If Canada would wait ten or twenty years she could with her superiority in richness of unexhaustible soil, offer America a free trade in agriculture with impunity, beating American agriculture in its own market."

Clark Demonstration Turned Conservative

Alto, Ala., Sept. 6.—The Liberal meeting held here last evening by Dr. Clark and Mr. Puffer was well attended one, but not very enthusiastic. Mr. Puffer opened the meeting, and dealt at length on the oratory of Mr. Clark. In the face of the wheat market quotations at Winnipeg, Minneapolis and Chicago, he told them that wheat values were always 10 to 15 cents higher at Minneapolis than at Winnipeg.

Dr. Clark, in reply to an article in the Free Press requesting him to explain why he, against the expressed wishes of the electorate, supported the extension of time granted the C.P.R. to complete the Lacombe-Jaw bridge, said that such statements were only taken by members for the purpose of a grandstand play.

Taking his speech on the whole, while the people appreciated and applauded his brilliant wit and sarcasm, he failed to make any arguments that appeared to convince the audience of his points of view. At the close of the meeting, when the chairman proposed cheers for Dr. Clark, and the government leader, there was a generous response, but immediately after someone proposed cheers for Mr. Borden and Mr. McGillivray, and the response that was given was unlooked for, and made it appear as if the meeting had been a Conservative one.

Gain Imperialism by Borden Victory

London, Sept. 6.—The Morning Standard, commenting on the Canadian election, says: "As imperialists we are most profoundly concerned as to the outcome of the election. If Sir Wilfrid Laurier be again returned to power, it will prove a serious blow to the strong imperialist feeling in this country; while on the other hand, if Borden is victorious, an impulse will be given to the imperialist movement here and throughout the empire which will carry it to certain victory at an early date. "In the interests of the empire," declares the Standard, "reciprocity must be defeated. In narrower interests the pronounced tariff reductions to the United States will prove a serious blow to British trade. We are unable to discover the smallest prospect of Commercial gain to Canada from the enactment of the tariff agreement. The Canadian farmers will derive no benefit from the opening of the southern markets to products which they have no difficulty in selling on the markets of the world."

Death After a Scratch

Morris Quatzman, an eleven-year-old Windsor boy, fell off his bicycle and scratched his wrist. He thought nothing of the injury, but blood poison set in and he is dead.

Such incidents as these—by no means infrequent—ought to make people realize the danger that may lie even in the smallest flesh wound. Take a simple illustration. When a knife, rusty needle, a splinter of dirty wood, a barbed wire fence, or a thorn, scratches the hand, the latter is inoculated with germs, of which the skin is not so full. The way to avoid serious results is to cleanse the wound and apply Zam-Buk. Zam-Buk is a powerful yet painless germ-killer, and when applied to the broken skin is absorbed

into the tissue, instantly destroying the germs that spread disease and stopping the pain and smarting. That is why Zam-Buk is so popular with children. The flesh thus soothed and purified, the wound is made perfectly healthy, and all poison and cause of festering removed. Having done this, Zam-Buk then proceeds to heal the wound or sore, and new healthy tissue is built up in a quick, painless and perfect manner.

Zam-Buk must not be confused with ordinary ointments. Zam-Buk is a unique preparation, possessing antiseptic, soothing and healing qualities that are not to be found together in any other preparation. It is not only a unique healing balm, but it is also a skin food. For all skin diseases and injuries—cuts, bruises, burns, eczema, chafing, ulcers, ringworm, etc., it is without equal. It is also used widely for piles, for which it may be regarded as a specific. All druggists and stores sell at 50 cents a box, or post free from Zam-Buk Co., Toronto, for price. Refuse harmful imitations.

Upholstery Furniture

Repairing Neatly & Quickly Done by

A. W. FORD

SECOND STREET N.E. - RED DEER

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital Authorized	\$10,000,000
Capital Subscribed	5,913,000
Capital Paid Up	5,738,000
Reserve Fund	5,738,000

HEAD OFFICE: - TORONTO.

Branches throughout the Dominion of Canada. Drafts and Travellers' Letters of Credit issued available in all parts of the world.

Title Deeds, Mortgages, Etc., held for safe keeping for customers without charge.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Deposits received of \$1.00 and upwards and interest allowed from date of deposit.

FARMERS' NOTES DISCOUNTED.

Red Deer Branch J. C. GILLESPIE MANAGER.

THE MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

Capital Paid up	\$ 6,000,000
Reserve Fund	\$ 4,500,000
Total Deposits, over	41,327,872
Total Assets, over	56,598,625

SIR H. MONTAGU ALLAN, President. E. F. HEBDEN, General Manager.

155 Branches in Canada. Accounts of Farmers, Firms and Individuals solicited.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT. Deposits received of \$1.00 and upwards and interest allowed at highest current rate.

F. M. HACKING, Mgr. RED DEER BRANCH.

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR

THE choice Wheat used in the milling of Robin Hood Flour makes it the most nutritious food in the world—and a sack of Robin Hood Flour will make more loaves than any other brand on the market.

Robin Hood Flour is sold in a money-back guarantee case—a written guarantee in every sack.

ROBIN HOOD FLOUR—MADE IN MOOSE JAW

RED DEER THE SMITH LAND CO. RED DEER

BUY NOW

RED DEER WEST

(Comparatively close-in Low rates High and dry Slightly Every lot absolutely good)

ADVANTAGES -

PRICES - \$100 - \$125

TERMS: Extended Over Two Years

Red Deer, 1915 - 10,000 population

IMPROVED AND UNIMPROVED FARM LANDS & CITY PROP'RTY

WOODLANDS!

5 Acre Blocks.

Three-quarters of a mile from the town of Red Deer.

HIGH, DRY, BENCH LAND.

Direct road through subdivision to town. These 5-acre blocks will subdivide into about 50 lots.

\$175 and \$200 per acre. Terms—One-third down, one-third in 12 and 24 months.

Mrs. A. R. Stent and Fred L. Ray, Props.
Greene & Payne, Trustees.

The News

RED DEER - ALBERTA
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY MORNING
At the News Block, Gazette Ave. South
JNO. A. CANSWELL, Editor and Proprietor

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, 1911

BORDEN THE NEXT PREMIER.

Because there is a break in the series of the Grit party in Quebec—because rebellion stalks through the old historic province—because Bourassa and other Frenchmen have become powerful enough to defy the Grand Mogul, Sir Wilfrid Laurier—who has forced them heretofore to do his dirty work—there is great lamentation in the Grit household. They see their house of cards tumbling about their ears; they see all their well laid schemes come to naught before this great outbreak of an excitable but honest and loyal people for freedom of thought and action. They resent the statement that Sir Wilfrid has them in the hollow of his hand. They are opposed to reciprocity and to annexation, and will not support Sir Wilfrid in the present campaign. The Grit press has become frenzied and panic stricken. They hurl insults at the noble Orange Order by stating they are in League with Quebec to defeat Sir Wilfrid, and sneer at loyal sentiment expressed by citizens who see in the pact the thin end of the wedge for annexation. They froth and fret and fume, but the day of reckoning has arrived, and they will be obliged to take their medicine. Everything points to a change of government next week.

OUR LAST WORD TO FARMERS.

The farmers of the Red Deer district are all engaged in mixed farming, and they know that the editor of the News, who has farmed for fifteen years in this district, has been handing out some hot shot in opposition to reciprocity.

We have no apology to make. We believe every word we have uttered, and we know by experience, whereof we speak.

We desire to make a few final remarks on how the pact will effect the farmers, and we wish our readers to ponder them well.

Every farmer has horses; they are his pride and joy. Some raise quite a number. The removal of the duty will spoil Canadian farmers' home market by letting down the bars and allowing the cheaper and inferior American horses to enter. Horses will be cheaper.

Cattle are higher today in Canada than in the United States as a whole. The farmer will therefore lose an his cattle.

He may have some sheep, and will very likely have a few pigs. Both bring more in Canada than in the United States. Where will our typical farmer gain here from reciprocity? Then he must face the competition of Australian mutton and Chicago pork. The fact is that his prices for these things will fall.

He will surely have a dairy, and sell milk, cream and butter. American milk products will come in to compete with him; and only in certain places near the border will his market for cream be increased. Even this increase fails about as frequently as it succeeds. As for butter, he will be exposed to the competition of Denmark and all the big butter-making countries of the world.

His wife will have eggs to sell, but she can get more for them today in Canada than in the United States. He may want to put potatoes on the market, but the Canadian market is, in normal years, higher than the American. He will have other vegetables; but the free admission of the products of the more Southern farms of the United States will give his home market and break his prices. He will lose all along the line.

His oats had far better go over in the form of oatmeal under the new "farmers' free list"; his hay should go across the border as meat; and his barley had better be fed at home. Even his wheat loses its identity and high-priced quality if mixed with the American; and he will lose his bran and shorts by allowing that wheat to be ground in American mills.

It grows more amazing—the more we study the situation—why anyone should ever have conceived the colossal folly of imagining that "free trade with the United States in farm products" would help the Canadian farmer.

American prices are almost invariably lower than Canadian prices. The American supply is larger by far than the Canadian.

The Americans are large exporters of the very things which Canada has for sale.

How can Canadian farmers possibly expect to gain by selling their produce in a lower market than they have right at home?

The proposition is absurd on the face of it.

The supporters of reciprocity thought to capture the grain growers, by telling them that the price of wheat would be increased. They have had to admit that their contention was wrong.

But the very fact that the Liberals employ it as the main defence of their astounding policy, shows how weak their case is.

There is the situation in a nutshell. Reciprocity is a "gold brick." The government have polished away at it till they have made it shine; but it is a fraud. It will not help the farmers—it will hurt them. And it will menace very industrial enterprise in the country with destruction; it will paralyze progress and discourage investment; it will drive away capital; it will make the prospective investor doubt the stability of any Canadian policy; it will by these means prevent the growth of the farmers' home market—a market which absorbs 80 per cent. of his produce.

Moreover, it will imperil the national future of Canada. We must never forget that the two men who are putting this agreement through at Washington—President Taft and Speaker Champ Clark—have stated in public that "Canada is at the parting of the ways," and that they "are preparing to annex Canada."

SENATE DOCUMENT NO. 849.

Before entering into the reciprocity agreement with Canada, the Government of the United States had the question of quantities and prices fully investigated by a committee of experts, who had for some time been engaged in obtaining full information. Their report is named Document No. 849, and contains much valuable information. We submit a summary of their report on "Live Stock." It says:—

"In all the Canadian provinces (except Manitoba, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island) prices are higher in Canada than in the United States."

HORSES.—The number of horses in the United States is 21,040,000; in Canada, 2,152,849. The average price in Canada is \$133.00; in United States, \$105.19; a difference of \$27.81 in favor of Canada. Average price in Ontario, \$135.00; in Montana, \$80; in Idaho, \$102.00; in Dakota, \$110.50; in Alberta, \$125.00; in Saskatchewan, \$155.00.

DAIRY COWS.—Of these Canada has 2,848,305; the United States has 21,804,000. Average price in Canada, \$43.00; in United States, \$32.70; a difference in favor of Canada of \$7.21 a head.

OTHER CATTLE.—Canada has 4,384,779; United States has 47,279,000. Average price in Canada, \$31; in United States, \$19.41.

SHEEP.—Canada has 2,705,300; United States has 57,216,000. Average price in Canada, \$6.00; in United States, \$4.08.

SWINE.—Canada has 2,912,509; United States has 47,782,040. Average price in Canada, \$11.00; in United States, \$9.14 a head.

Prices in January, 1911, quoted from the United States Senate Document No. 849:—

	Buffalo	Toronto	Detroit	Windsor
Beef Steers, Heifers	\$6.20	\$5.65	\$5.30	\$5.60
Beef Cows	4.80	4.75	4.00	4.65
Stockers	4.75	5.00	4.15	4.90
Calves	6.55	7.00	8.75	7.25
Milkers	61.00	71.00	47.03	70.00
Lambs	5.90	5.75	5.60	5.65
Sheep	4.00	4.15	4.70	4.15
Hogs	7.75	3.20	8.40	4.20

FACTS ABOUT WHEAT.

1. The Fact. American farmers are devoting an increasing area to wheat raising.

The Proof. This can be got from the United States statistical abstract. The figures are:—

Average acreage, decade 1866-1875 20,000,000

Average acreage, decade 1876-1885 34,000,000

Average acreage, decade 1886-1895 37,000,000

Average acreage, decade 1896-1905 46,000,000

Average, year 1910 49,000,000

Practically the United States farmer now has fifty million acres under wheat, as against twenty millions in the early '70s, and thirty millions twenty-five years ago.

2. The fact. Americans have many million acres more which they can devote to wheat.

The Proof. There was abundance of this furnished to the United States senate committee, "More than half the tillable land in all of these states yet remains uncultivated," said one expert. Another said: "If the present prices hold . . . North Dakota will add 50,000,000 (bushels) to its present output in the next three years . . . Minnesota will increase . . . Texas will become one of the greatest wheat producing sections of this country . . . You have Montana just opening . . . In ten or fifteen years we will reap a billion bushels of wheat in this country."

3. The fact. Americans are improving their methods of farming and their average yield per acre tends to increase.

The Proof. Average yield per acre, decade 1866-1875 11.9 bus.

Average yield per acre, decade 1876-1885 12.3 bus.

Average yield per acre, decade 1886-1895 13.2 bus.

Average yield per acre, decade 1896-1905 13.3 bus.

Average yield per acre, year 1909 15.8 bus.

Average yield per acre, year 1910 14.1 bus.

Thus the last two years, allowing for fluctuations, show an advance. Americans are aroused on the subject, agricultural colleges are being established in numbers, and rapid improvement is taking place. If the Americans on their present acreage were to get the average yield which Canada obtains, their production would increase by 100,000,000 bushels. If they worked up to twenty bushels an acre, a figure which Canada has attained, and which Germany easily surpasses, despite her poor soil, they would on 50,000,000 acres grow a billion bushels. It would take 160,000,000 people to consume it.

4. The fact. American total production of wheat is increasing steadily and rapidly.

The Proof. Bushels.

Average crop, decade 1866-1875 245,000,000

Average crop, decade 1876-1885 420,000,000

Average crop, decade 1886-1895 497,000,000

Average crop, decade 1896-1905 640,000,000

Crop, year 1909 737,000,000

Crop, year 1910 695,000,000

5. The fact. The production of wheat per head in the United States is not falling off, if anything is rather increasing, and far exceeds the consuming power of the population.

The Proof. Average wheat production per head, period 1900-1905, 7.5 bushels.

Average wheat production per head, period 1905-9, 7.4 bushels.

Average wheat production per head, year 1910, 8.0 bushels.

The average consumption of wheat per head in the United States is 6.25 bushels per head in the year. There thus remains a comfortable surplus. When the United States population has reached 100,000,000 it will need 650,000,000 bushels to feed it. It already produces about 100,000,000 bushels more than this. When the population is up to the hundred million mark, the wheat crop is likely to have reached the 800,000,000 mark and perhaps to have surpassed it. So what chance have we of feeding the Americans with our wheat? None. They want to mill our wheat, not to eat it. That is how the reciprocity theory that the Americans need to be fed by Canadians breaks down when tested by official figures. Exchange.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

We have them on the run.

Laurier and a national calamity.

It looks like a frost for Clark.

Borden and continued prosperity.

'Twas a British market saved us when Uncle Sam threw us down.

McGillivray a sure winner.

Save the home market for the Canadian.

Every farmer must read "Senate Document No. 849" in this issue.

Laurier truly is Liberal; so liberal that he would hand over the farmers' valuable local market to Uncle Sam.

When did Uncle Sam ever propose a trade in which he did not expect to get the best of it? Please tell.

Honestly now. Would it pay to give up an 80 per cent. home market for a ten per cent. chance in the market of ninety millions? Canadians are waking up to the 90 million market delusion.

Dr. Clark says: "Let this agreement go through and up goes the price to the farmer and down goes the price to the consumer." The farmers, of course, are laughing at him. They know that the highest wheat, meat, eggs, potatoes, and other things like, the more it costs the consumer to buy them. But the doctor says all that is changed, and by my new school of economics the more you pay for these things the cheaper you can get them. No wonder the farmers are all laughing at such silly statements.

W. A. Griesbach, the energetic and popular young ex-mayor of Edmonton, is putting up a magnificent fight against Hon. Frank Oliver in Edmonton. Farmers are flocking to his standard all over the constituency. The scandalous manner in which the people have had to swallow the hoodlums' charges has hurt the ministers' chances of election. As a public man he has acknowledged that he had the \$60,000, but declines to tell where it came from. The people have a right to know. Otherwise the right to defeat the Hon. Frank Oliver with their votes.

A SPECIMEN 'GRAFTER.'

Hon. Rudolph Lemieux, formerly Postmaster General, has been promoted to the great spending department of Marine and Fisheries and the Navy.

A few years ago Lemieux was a poor man, but today he is worth two hundred thousand dollars.

As an example of how public office can be prostituted, and how Grit politicians fill all vacant offices with their relations, we give a list of the members of the Lemieux family rewarded with good fat jobs at the public crib, with their salaries:—

A. J. M. Lemieux, Postal department, \$855 per year; D. J. Lemieux, Customs, \$1,500; E. E. Lemieux, Militia, \$2,350; E. G. Lemieux, Agriculture, \$1,400; E. O. Lemieux, Customs, \$600; F. X. Lemieux, Postal, \$3,000; G. Lemieux, Interior, \$1,500; H. Lemieux, Customs, \$2,500; C. E. M. Lemieux, Customs, \$800; J. H. A. Lemieux, Postal, \$300; R. E. Lemieux, Militia, \$700; V. Lemieux, Postal, \$600.

Rudolph Lemieux draws a salary of \$9,500. His brother L. J. Lemieux, draws \$4,000 as Sheriff of Montreal. His brother-in-law draws \$7,000 per year as judge, and his father-in-law draws \$8,000 per year as a pension for having once been judge.

The patriotism of the Lemieuxs pays them well.

These are the sort of political grafters the honest, hard working farmers of the West are asked to keep in office with their votes.

Vote for McGillivray and honest government.

The "Boys World," a Sunday School paper published by David Cook Co., in the United States, says:—

"The foreign demand for hog products shows a large increase over the demand of a year ago. At that time the exports from United States ports averaged about 8,000,000 pounds per week; now they have risen to 22,637,000 pounds per week."

Since the United States exports hogs so largely as the above admits, they must have more than the home market demands. This being the case, will some reciprocity advocate tell us how the Canadian farmer is going to benefit by sending his hogs where they already have more than they use, and where the prices rule lower than they do on our own home market?

PLAIN TRUTHS FOR CANADIANS

(La Grange Standard, Indiana).

The National Editorial Association which reorganized and changed its name to National Press Association at Detroit recently, had thrust upon it an unexpected notoriety. Governor Chase Osborn was invited to welcome the association to Michigan and when he came down from Lansing for that purpose, being a newspaper man himself and a judge of news values, he raised an unpromising session into a plane of interest by a few enthusiastic words to the effect that whether reciprocity be wise or unwise he would like to see the star-spangled banner float over the free and the brave from the north pole to the Isthmus of Panama.

Which joyous Americanism was followed in a few minutes by the frank statement from a Denver delegate that he had no use for Taft, reciprocity at all, but he did want to love our Canadian neighbors as ourselves.

by extending to them the privileges of States in the American Union. It would be simply an instance of the justice that works out sooner or later in the history of nations, for the United States to annex Canada. We will have to do it some time, and the English Canadians might as well get themselves used to the system. It will not be very difficult to persuade the French Canadians.

D. A. LAMONT

(Late Anderson & Lamont)

Has moved his

Dray Business

from the Old

TILDEN BARN to

17 Gaetz Avenue

Next N. Murphy's Store

Where he will be pleased to receive your orders for the

BEST WOOD AND COAL

In Red Deer

PHONE 143

MCLEAN BROTHERS

Bear in Mind our Special Clearing Lines we Offer this Week

SWEATERS

20 doz. Men's and Boys' Sweaters, reg. from 1.25 to 2.25

While they last, 95c

SHIRTS

Some 20 doz. Dress, Neglige and Flannel, in all shades and colors. Some were originally 2.00 and 2.50

This Week, 75c

VERY SPECIAL

25 RAINCOATS Reg. \$12

These Coats are exceptionally good values, but one of our broken lines, and will take the place of a Dressy Spring and Fall Coat. See if we have your size at once, for they won't last long. Some plain and neat dark grey stripes. Just think! these Coats are all new goods this fall.

All to go at \$7.75

15 PLAIN AND RUBBER COATS

Some were 9.00 and 12.00

To Clear at \$3.25 and \$4.50

40 doz. MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS

Some original prices were as high as 1.00

This Week - 25c

STANFIELD'S UNDERWEAR

In Men's, are second to none

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT

10 doz. INFANTS' and CHILDREN'S VESTS, worth up to 35c

SPECIAL 10c

10 pieces FANCY, DIAGONAL and PLAIN SERGES, all colors. These goods are specially suitable for school dresses.

EXTRA SPECIAL at 45c, 50c and 60c per yd.

Remember, we have a full and complete line of the famous

STANFIELD'S UNDERWEAR

For Ladies and Children, 2 piece garments as well as the Union Suits.

JUST ARRIVED! a complete line of LADIES' AND MISSES' COATS AND SKIRTS

"The Famous Northway Garments," all the new and up-to-date models to be found in the Eastern markets.



Correspondence

To the Editor of The News.

Dear Sir—No doubt Mr. Powne expects me to reply to his letter in the last issue of the News, as he asks me some questions. He starts off by thanking me for complimenting him that his first letter, while not reasonable, was yet plausible. I am really sorry that I cannot repeat the compliment, for in his second letter I cannot find anything either

reasonable or plausible. I do not say this to offend Mr. Powne, for I value his friendship most highly and while we disagree in this, I hope to again work with him in the harness for other reforms. I am sorry that he should say I have been drawn by politics. He must know that this is not true. He knows that I am fighting the farmers' battle, and that I have been appointed by them to stand firmly up and do so. I have no wish to dispute his statement of low prices in the past, having had all the experience along that line I want.

I can only commiserate Mr. Powne on the hard times he has passed through, and invite him to assist us to prevent a recurrence of those poor prices. I thank him for quoting from the different papers, establishing what I said in my former letter—that Mr. Powne had said he had made more money shipping cattle to Chicago than he could raising the cattle. His later losses, as I said before, he and his associates attributed to the combination of the railroads, the Canadian cattle trade and the custom officers, who telegraphed to Gordon & Ironsides for an appraisal of the cattle, which appraisal our friends claimed was too high, making, if I remember right, some five or six dollars per head too much duty. With his objections to the quotations of the Calgary Albertan, I have nothing to do, but I will tell Mr. Powne that it is absolute folly on his part to try to persuade the farmers of this Province that there are better prices paid here than on the other side of the line, because the farmers know better.

Coming to wheat, I must again thank Mr. Powne for substantiating my claim that wheat is higher across the line than here, but I fail to understand him in saying that the Canadian farmers close to the boundary could supply that demand. He says that his two brothers, who live there, some times get that higher price. Surely he does not mean that to get that ten or fifteen cents extra price they pay the twenty-five cents per bushel duty, or that they are following the advice of the Frenchman who accompanied Borden, which advice, given on the platform at Red Deer, was to the farmers to draw their wheat across at night, when they could evade the customs officer. The questions he propounds to me to answer, remind me very much of the question which our anti-reciprocity friend, Mr. Marles, of Willowdale, put to the crowd a short time ago at Wilson Bros. sale. They were estimating the capacity of a tank which was being sold. Mr. Marles attempted to settle the question by asking, "If a bucket holds so many gallons of water, how much will Waskasoo creek hold?" His question, while amusing, was quite as relevant to the issue under dispute as Mr. Powne's are to reciprocity. With the making of the treaty with the favored nations we have had nothing to do, but if that treaty is objectionable to us, we have a right to demand its repeal. That demand has been made, and its repeal promised. But if Mr. Powne will take a glance at the map of the world, he will see that it is a geographical and economic impossibility for these favored nations to injure our home market, except the bare possibility of Australia and other British colonies. But it surely ill becomes a supporter of what is termed Imperial preference or reciprocity only within the Empire, to object to these. I have no right to conclude that Mr. Powne does not understand this, but the fact

remains that under reciprocity with the U.S. and with the favored nation treaty in existence, the privileges extended to New Zealand, Australia, India and South Africa automatically comes into force, while with the Imperial preference system, as advocated by Mr. Borden, these same privileges are arbitrarily put into action, but I leave us from the privilege of treating with the U.S. In this connection I might quote scripture, "Better is a neighbor near at hand than a brother afar off." The truth of this is very apparent in business. Mr. Powne's quotations of imports are to a certain extent correct. But while we imported 7680 tons of hay from the U.S., paying 42 per ton, we exported to the U.S. 16,927 tons paying \$4 duty, which would seem to be almost prohibitory without the Canadian farmer making a sacrifice in price. The same thing applies to potatoes, of which he speaks, for, while we imported 51,900 bushels, we exported to the U.S. 678,632 bushels, although this trade was done in face of a duty of 20 cents per bushel coming into Canada and 25 cents per bushel going into the States. As to the apples he quotes, 5,077 bushels imported with a duty collected of \$24,478, but it is quite evident he has confused bushels and barrels, as the amount collected was \$23,628 on a duty of 40 cents per bbl., or about 13 1/3 cents per bushel as against 25 cents a bushel going into the States, which operates against all other Canadian producers who have anything to export, while on the other hand, those of us in Western Canada who have to buy our fruit, are not anxious to retain the enhanced prices caused by the duty of 40 cents per barrel when there is a chance of getting it free across the line. As to the rest of his political arguments, I leave him and other politicians to scrap it out. The issue today, and on the 21st of September, is a referendum on reciprocity, and every true and patriotic citizen will cast behind him other deceptive issues as he would Satan, and vote for freedom from the slavery of the trusts.

JAMES BOWER.

HARD TIMES IN U.S.

A general financial and industrial panic is taking place in the United States at the present time. The Associated Press Telegram, a few days ago, announced that the Southern Pacific would discharge six thousand of its employees because no freight was offering. So it will be until after the Presidential election next year. Let well enough alone by voting for McMillin and Canada for the Canadians.

Probably You Are Interested

You Ought to be Interested in the New Winter Clothes - Probably You Are

You would enjoy seeing and trying on the attractive garments we are now showing, and we urge you to do so at your earliest convenience.

You may not be ready to buy yet, but you are certainly ready to look. We are ready to show you.

Whether you are interested in \$10.00 garments or \$45.00 ones—or some price in between—you will find a real large assortment here and the qualities at each price represent VALUES UNAPPROACHABLE.

MAY WE HAVE THE PLEASURE OF SHOWING OUR TAILORED SUITS TO YOU SOON

H. L. GAETZ
The Red Deer Cash Store

Phone 22

NEW CARPET SQUARES

We have just received our first consignment of New Imported Carpets for fall.

This shipment, imported direct from the British Manufacturers, comprises some of the Choicest Colorings and Designs we have ever shown.

We have marked them exceptionally low.

We have also placed into stock a large assortment of Bedding, including Blankets, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Quilts and Comforters.

Window Shades in all Sizes and Colors.

Draperies of all kinds.

We are also showing some very fine patterns in

NEW LINOLEUMS
which we would be pleased to show you.

BEST BROTHERS

The Complete Home Furnishers
NO. 51 FIRST ST. SOUTH RED DEER

THE NEW FALL COATS JUST IN

MILLINERY OPENING

Our Millinery Opening this year will take place on

SEPT. 19th and 20th

and your presence is particularly requested.

A SUPERB DISPLAY

awaits your coming, larger and far more complete than any we have shown before.

Exact Replicas of the Styles now being worn in Paris, London and New York

Remember the Date, Sept. 19th
Come and Bring Your Friends

The Famous HBK WORK SHIRT

A strong shirt for strong men, in all sizes
95c to \$1.90

BOYS' GOOD SWEATERS

In every size and color, good and warm for the cooler days.
Prices from 85c

BOYS' STRONG CLOTH SUITS

The famous Lion Brand, in sturdy cloths, for fall and winter wear.
Prices - 4.50 to 9.00

MEN'S BLUE OVERALLS

The best value ever offered - **85c**

W. E. LORD CO. LTD.

We are Just Opening Up

The most magnificent range of LADIES' COATS that it has ever been our privilege to present to the public of Red Deer.

This season's stock is three times as large as shown formerly, and comprises all the newest and most popular styles to be worn this season.

Don't Buy Your New Coat Until You Have Seen This Display

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

MEN'S FALL SUITS

A Showing of the New Semi Ready Styles for Fall and Winter Wear

Hundreds of patterns to choose from. Imported woollens, the product of the most famous looms of England. Tweeds, Worsted and Serges in the newest and smartest effects.

Don't buy your new Fall suit until you have investigated the merits of Semi-Ready.

Your suit made to your measure by the most expert tailors in Canada, and delivered to you in 12 days. Prices to suit every pocket.

\$18.00, 20.00, 25.00, 30.00, 35.00.

The same price in Red Deer as in Toronto or Vancouver. Think it over.

We are Now Displaying

A splendid selection of medium priced suits in the new fall weights and colors, the ever reliable Progress Brand. Prices

\$10.00, \$12.00, \$15.00, \$18.00 and \$20

Great CLEARANCE Sale On BELTS & NECKWEAR

COLLARS TIES and JABOTS.

Values to 85c

NEW BELTS of every kind
Values to 2.50

YOUR CHOICE

15c

Never were such values offered. Belts and Neckwear almost given away. Hundreds of styles to choose from

Come in and see the Big Display.

Your Choice while they last - - **15c**

NEW ARRIVALS in the SHOE DEPARTMENT

Warm Slippers for Cool Mornings and Evenings

Women's Plaid Slipper, with felt and leather sole	85c
" " Felt Slipper, with fur trimming	1.25
" " Velvet Romeo, with fur trimming, leather sole	75c
Misses' Plaid Slipper, with felt and leather sole	1.65
" " Felt Romeo, with fur trimming and leather sole	65c
Child's Plaid Slipper, with felt and leather sole	60c
" " Felt Romeo, with fur trimming and leather sole	85c
Infants' Plaid Slipper, with felt and leather sole	50c
" " Felt Romeo, with fur trimming and leather sole	75c
Men's Plaid Slipper, with felt and leather sole	1.25
" " Plaid House Boots	1.65
" " Kid Slipper, in black and brown	1.65
" " Carpet Slipper	1.00
" " Black Kid Romeo	2.00
" " Chocolate Kid Romeo	2.50 and 3.00
" " Chocolate Kid Opera Slipper	2.50

W. E. LORD CO. LTD.

H. G. STONE
UNDERTAKER
AND EMBALMER
GAETZ AVE. SOUTH.

PHONE 37

Do You Want

GOOD MEAT

Then Go To

BARTINHEIMER
AND SONS
Wholesale and Retail Butchers

And You Are
Sure to Get It

They are Famous for
Best Quality Goods
Right Prices and
Obliging Service

TRY
HEWSON & SON
FOR

**COAL
AND
WOOD**

ALSO
Draying and Team Work
OF ALL KINDS

Red Deer - Alta.
Phone 45

RED DEER
**TOWN LOTS
FOR SALE.**

OSLEN, HAMMOND & NANTON,
Agents, Winnipeg, Man.

C. S. LOFT, Agent, CALGARY, Alta.
For plans, etc., apply to
H. H. GAETZ, RED DEER

ARLINGTON HOTEL
JAMES A. McCREIGHT, Prop.

Bath Rooms Commodious Dining Room
Sets a Table Unexcelled in Alberta.
Meal Tickets Issued
AT THE BAR YOU WILL FIND THE
BEST BRANDS OF LIQUORS & CIGARS
OBTAINABLE

GOLDEN GRAIN FLOUR

Helps the Housewife
It's so delightfully easy
to bake with, and
makes such a large, light loaf, of fine
even texture and rich nutty flavor.
Home baking is a certainty with
"GOLDEN GRAIN."

Pure—Light—Rich—Wholesome
Be sure to ask for "GOLDEN GRAIN"

SASKATOON MILLING CO., LTD.
SASKATOON, CANADA.

**Are Your Kidneys
Working Properly?**
It Will Pay You Well to Make Sure
There's been a lot of "guessing" about
rheumatism and rheumatic pains generally,
but you can be dead sure that little
pains across your back came from de-
creased kidney action.
The kidneys' duty is to filter the blood
—take out the impurities collected by
the returning blood stream—so that it
like absorbent cotton in a funnel filter
the impurities from polluted water.
When the kidneys are not working you
are bound for one of two courses—di-
abetes and Bright's Disease or Rheuma-
tism, Lumbago and Sciatica. The for-
mer course is usually fatal, and the latter
always painful, but you need not have
either, as they both can be easily pre-
vented.
The very best prescription for all kid-
ney troubles is Nyal's Stone Root Com-
pound. It is no "patent" medicine,
but a scientific prescription composed
of Stone-root, Buchu, Juniper and other
remedies of proved value. More than
that, it has been proved by thousands
who have had relief from its use.
There's nothing quite so miserable as
the dragging results of sick kidneys.
You are trilling with your own future
when you neglect so simple a precaution,
as a pleasant home treatment with Nyal's
Stone Root Compound when results are
so certain.
It soothes bladder irritation, gives
you rest and comfort at night, and makes
life once more enjoyable.
The kidneys, liver and bladder are all
dependent upon one another, and Nyal's
Stone Root Compound, in particular,
designed to help them all.

**Nyal's
FAMILY
REMEDIES**

Sold and guaranteed by
The Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co., Ltd., and
Gordon B. Parker, Red Deer.

NOTICE!
I, David Bowie, of Topeka, Kan.,
U.S.A., hereby give notice that I
will not be responsible for any debts
contracted by my brother, J. E.
Bowie, of Evans P.O., in the Province
of Alberta.
(Signed) DAVID BOWIE.
Aug. 23, 3v.

NOTICE
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
Isobell Isaac of the Town of Innisfail
in the District of Stathcona, in the
Province of Alberta, married woman,
and now residing at the Town of
Gadsby in the said Province of Al-
berta, will apply to the Parliament
of Canada at the next session thereof
for a Bill of Divorce from her hus-
band Francis John Isaac, of the City
of Toronto, in the Province of
Ontario, Clerk, on the ground of
adultery.
Dated at Arthur, Province of
June, the twenty-first day of
1911
JOHN McK. KEARNS,
Solicitor for the Applicant.
Arthur, Ont.
July 4, 3m.

F. P. LAYTON
Camrose and Red Deer
If you want to build, buy, mort-
gage or pay off existing encum-
brance. Be sure to consult us
in the matter of
GETTING A LOAN
We act for Companies who lend at
low rates, and we can give you
at reasonable expense.
Office Next Bank of Commerce
WM. ROBERTSON,
MANAGER - RED DEER

AFRAID OF A BLOW
A System of Imperial Preferential
Tariffs Would Injure the States
Cham Clark, in his famous speech
at Chicago, said: "The time probably
the last time, when this can be realized
has arrived. The future union of all
parts of the British Empire in a com-
mercial federation is almost certain.
What shall have been concluded,
under a system of preferential adver-
tising securing the English market to
the colonial producer of raw materials
and food products, and the colonial
market to the English manufacturer,
it will strike the United States a dou-
ble blow. Our best customer, Great
Britain, and our third best, Canada,
will trade less and less with us and
more and more with each other. And
it will then be permanently impossible
to repair our error. Political and eco-
nomic weather signals indicate that
what the present measure for all
other can succeed for many years, if
ever."

DESERTED FARMS
The Decline of Farming in New Eng-
land is Proceeding Apace
Do the Canadian farmers imagine
that they can invade the markets of
the United States, and succeed where
so many American farmers fail? If
so, let them make a survey of farming
conditions east of the Mississippi de-
sert. If there were in New England
as many farms as there are in Canada,
or if the United States had even been
able to have reached its limit of pro-
duction, surely these farmers would at
least have begun to feel the benefit
of it. Exactly the reverse is the case.
The United States census reports of
the twenty-year period from 1880 to
1900 show that in that time no fewer
than 15,344 farms in New England went
out of existence; that there were 17,000
fewer farmers in these States at the
end of the period than at the begin-
ning, and that some 5,000,000 acres
of land that were in cultivation in
1880 went out of tillage and cultiva-
tion.
And, thanks to the trusts, the pro-
fits of the farmers in the great mar-
kets now to be placed upon the people
of Canada are so small that the de-
cline of farming in New England is
still proceeding deeper and deeper
to the market of ninety millions of
people. Last year—the year of their
census—there were in New England
187,418 farms, which is 2.3 less per
cent than the number at the census
of 1900. The total acreage of these
farms in 1910 was 13,674,000 acres,
and in the acreage there had been, in
the last ten years, a decrease of 4.3
per cent. Of this total acreage not
quite one-half—or, to be exact, 7,242,
000 acres—was improved land. And
here, too, there had been a de-
crease, and a very substantial one, for
unimproved land per centum of the
total acreage had increased from 4.3
to 5.7. This is where the effect of aban-
doning appears, the land of these aban-
doned farms having passed out of cul-
tivation and ceased to be a factor in
the agricultural production of the New
England States.

RUIN THE HORSE TRADE
A Result That is Bound to Follow the
Reciprocity Agreement
"I have spent the last fifteen years
dealing with the farmers in live stock
and farming," said James Cobban,
West Middlesex, "and I claim that the
farmers will not better the prices they
now secure by any access to the
United States. I have shipped 270
horses out of this country to the West
this year. Last year we shipped 500
horses, and I tell you that all the
competition we have from the
United States. In one town in the
West to which we have shipped 11
cars of horses this year we have had
27 cars of horses brought in from
the United States. If reciprocity
comes into force, I tell you it will de-
stroy the Ontario horse trade at once."

DESTROY OUR MARKETS
Reciprocity Would Also Split Up Con-
federation, Said Sir James Whitney
Sir James Whitney, speaking at
Walkerton, quoted from speeches
made and newspaper articles written
in the United States proving that the
ultimate desire of Americans was the
annexation of Canada. He said: "I do
not say it will come in six months, but
I do say that what President Taft and
others say they mean, and we should
thank them for the candid, open, bold
and unblinking way in which they
have said what they think will happen
under reciprocity. It would mean the
destruction of home markets, the ruin
of East and West trade, the split up
of Confederation, and would leave two
streams of raw material from the West
to the Atlantic coast." He emphati-
cally announced that the Ontario Gov-
ernment would make no change in
their policy covering the export of
pulpwood from the province, despite
the efforts of President Taft along
that line.
Would Have to Close
James Kennedy, who presided at
Peterborough at Mr. Borden's meet-
ing, made the startling statement that
the Quebec Co. Company, employing
six or seven hundred employees in that
city, would have to close down if re-
ciprocally became law because they
would be unable to utilize the by-
products through excessive competition.

PALENT'S
The Cash System
On and after September 1st
all orders for coal and wood
must be paid for when order-
ed.
HEWSON & SONS

AWAY WITH THE TREATY
Hon. G. W. Ross Says Canada Must
Not Become Entangled with the
States
"Canada does not stand in any great
need of a reciprocity treaty with the
United States," says G. W. Ross, for-
mer Premier of Ontario. "Let us re-
member the epitaph of the man who,
having lived to a good old age, thought
medicine might be of use, and so con-
sulted a physician. He wrote his epitaph for the benefit
of his fellow-men: 'I was well, I wanted
to be better, and here I lie.' We are
prosperous. Reciprocity might fur-
nish a better market for the minor
products of the farm here and there,
but that is a small matter. Let us
not want to be better unless we are
sure of the effects of the medicine.
We are free from entanglements with
the United States. We cannot be em-
barrassed by any amendments we
make in our tariff, or if we are we can
alter it ourselves. A treaty we cannot
alter. We have taken the duty off
blinder twine and barbed wire and
a free list of goods under which they
sold us last year \$7,871,000 worth of
merchandise on which there was no
duty. If they are anxious for better
trade relations with Canada, let them
negotiate through their own Congress
at Washington, and reduce their tariff
as it may suit them and let us ex-
pedite. If we would turn from the
independent legislation of both rather
than by treaty is the only safe course,
as it affords public in the first in-
stance and admits of perfect freedom
of action thereafter. In the mean-
time let Canada continue to sell her
merchandise wherever she finds a
market, and trusting in that Provi-
dence which has always filled her
barns with plenty and made her mer-
chandise prices in the land, let her not
sland her trade or her independence
for expectations that may never be
realized, nor place herself under obli-
gations that might interfere with the
freest development of her industrial
prosperity in the years to come."

AN EMPTY SHADOW
Canada Would Suffer with its Cheese
Selling at American Prices
The advocates of Reciprocity with
the United States would turn from the
splendid British market and send our
cheese across the border to New York,
Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, and
other large American centres. They
argue that prices are higher in
United States than in Canada, and that
Canadian cheese makers will be able
to hold their present enviable position
on the British markets and supply the
States too. This policy reminds one
of the old fable about the dog with
a bone in his mouth. At the door he
jumped into the water in a vain at-
tempt to secure a bigger piece of
meat. The bigger piece turned out to
be an empty shadow, and the poor dog,
besides being disappointed, lost the
choice morsel that he had been carry-
ing. Canada in the year ending 1909
shipped 17,408,960 pounds of cheese,
worth \$22,106,108, to Great Britain.
The average value per pound was
12.63 cents. But, had Canada re-
ceived for her cheese an average price
of 10 cents per pound, she would have
received a total of \$17,408,960, or
\$21,753,118, or a loss of \$352,990.
The following statement of cheese
imports into Great Britain in 1909
is sufficient to show Canada's excellent
position in the Netherlands:
Belgium 91,125
Denmark 790,152
Holland 636,442
Netherlands 636,442
Other Foreign Countries 5,420,076
Total 7,234,237
Great Britain's Possessions 8,828
Total 13,238,665

BAD FOR APPLE GROWERS
The West Would Be Swamped with
Washington and Oregon Fruit
Sam Nabbits, M.P.P., speaking at
Campbellsville, said he would take
four seats from the constituency for
New York State, and thus give them
all an opportunity to judge the con-
ditions governing the apple growing in-
dustry in the two countries. He
pointed out that the State of Washing-
ton was expected soon to produce
200,000 barrels of apples a year and
Oregon would have a yield of 7,000,000
barrels yearly. In these States fruit
trees would yield a full crop in five
or six years, as compared with ten or
twelve years in Ontario. The Ontario
grower would thus be unable to com-
pete with the United States grower in
the Western provinces. Last year, he
said, he had sold 11,000 barrels of
apples in the Western provinces.
This year he had found it impossible
to make contracts for the sale of
apples in the West until after election
day. Buyers in Prince Edward
County, he said, had already reduced
their purchases to await the result of
the polling on Sept. 21.

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Excelsior to the top.
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E. R. HILL, W.M. F. E. PIERCE, Sec.
March 2nd, '10.

"This gentleman wants to go over
the house, Miss May. He is thinking
of buying," the landlady explained.
As they neared the doorway with
its quiet white pillars she turned sud-
denly and looked up at Madden. Pleas-
ingly, entreatingly, her eyes sought his
as she stood hesitating.
"Are you coming?" the owner asked.
"It is not necessary to go inside,"
Madden said unexpectedly. "I can
pass a passing opinion on the house."
Then the girl flashed at him a smile
of gratitude. "I thank you," she
murmured softly. "My patient dislikes
the distressed look."
Miriam, as in thought he called her,
would willingly after that and was
quite often after that the gate to talk
when he passed the house upon one
pretense or another, though the
tangled branches seemed to bar him
out as completely as an iron door
might have done. But he had been
sent upon an important commission
and still deliberated long how best
to accomplish his purpose, so when
upon a moonlight night he was in-
creasedly drawn toward the house
upon the hill he passed noiselessly
through the gateway, then on through
the deserted garden to where a light
shone from beneath a half drawn cur-
tain. If he could only succeed in this
thing which he had undertaken, if he
could finally satisfy himself that the
man whom he sought was there! Steep-
ing, he peered under the blind.
"Perchance," said a low, mocking
voice, "you will be kind enough to tell
me what you expect to find in my
house."
Madden straightened suddenly and
looked in the direction of a shadowy
corner where a girl's white clad figure
was dimly outlined. "I beg your
pardon for having frightened you," he
said in confusion.
"I am not afraid in the least," the
owner of the voice returned calmly.
"I have been waiting for you. I am
usual, don't you think?"
"Inexcusable," he replied promptly
and advanced toward her. "It is time
for me to leave. I am sorry that I
have troubled you. I am sure that you
will be kind enough to tell me what
you expect to find in my house."
Madden ignored the offer. "Will you
listen to me now, please?" she said.
"There is no reason why I should
trouble to prove my truthfulness.
Nevertheless," she waved her hand
toward the great old house—"you
are at liberty to convince yourself. I
will remain here."
Madden ignored the offer. "Will you
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A Truss That Fits

Too much cannot be said about truss fitting. We realize that this is an important point, because a lot of trusses we sell are sold to people who have been misfit elsewhere, that's why they come to us, for our reputation in fitting trusses is growing.

Good Trusses, \$1.00 to \$4.50
GUARANTEED FIT.

We have the celebrated "EXCELSIOR"

PARKER'S
DRUGGISTS STATIONERS
Phone 49 P.O. Drawer 266

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Don't forget the Welsh Ladies' Choir, Tuesday, Oct. 3rd.

Mr. and Mrs. Sewell, of Castor, were visitors to Red Deer last week.

W. Ball will pay the highest cash prices for all kinds of live poultry.

School Inspector J. F. Boyce returned last week from a holiday in the east.

Mrs. Chas. Schuneman, of Ewart, received the sad news of her father's death last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gregson, of Blackfalds, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gover at Sylvan Lake.

The town's pump will be shut down Sunday morning from 8 a.m. till probably about 5 p.m.

Tuesday, Oct. 3rd, is the date for the Welsh Ladies' choir. Don't miss this musical treat.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hey returned from their ranch at Esteville last week, where they have been spending a short holiday.

J. P. Gaez is now conducting his extensive cattle buying business from a new office which has opened up in the east office block.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Brown returned to Calgary last Thursday, after having spent a very pleasant holiday at Sylvan Lake. While in town they were the guests of Mrs. Lindsay.

Dr. F. B. Roach, M.D., late of Halifax, N.S., spent the week and here with his brothers in law, A. H. and F. H. Russell. Dr. Roach will practise his profession in Calgary.

Mrs. J. Malcom went east on Friday evening for an extended trip of three months. The two boys, Roy and Cliff, have gone to the Western Canada College at Calgary to continue their education.

Dr. George was recently presented with a stone axe head, an arrow head and a spear head, which he has placed in the museum. They are all good specimens of Indian stone work, and were picked up on the banks of the Sydenham river in Ontario by J. R. Davison.

George Elie, of Calgary, spent a few days in Red Deer last week.

The Ford Company will have some new models for 1912 that will astonish you.

The Welsh Ladies' Choir will visit Red Deer on Oct. 3rd. Keep that date open and hear this popular musical organization.

Did you remit the amount of your arrears to this rag yet? If not, kindly do so at once, as the editor is looking worried. The address label will tell you how many years you owe.

Malcolm & Carscallen have just received the appointment of general agents for the district for the Imperial Life Assurance Company. W. L. Dodds, inspector, was in town last week, making all arrangements for the change.

Rosalind of Old Basing, Canada's champion dairy cow, passed a very critical period last week when she gave birth to a very fine daughter. Mother and daughter are now doing well, but for a time things were very serious.

A ten cent tea, under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of St. Luke's, will be held at the home of Mrs. Cassels on Thursday evening at eight o'clock. A splendid programme has been arranged and a fine variety of home-cooking will be sold.

Mr. Tobin, proprietor of the Tobin Tent and Awning Company of Ottawa, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. J. Ed Welton for the week end. Mr. Tobin is much impressed with the west, especially as a paradise for the sportsman, having had a few hours among our feathered game under the chaperonage of Mr. Welton while here.

The Methodist choir, after a holiday of two months, have again got into harness, and the congregations on Sunday enjoyed some good music. There were fifteen in the choir in the morning and sixteen in the evening. Next Sunday evening the music will be furnished by a male choir, and a special sermon to men will be preached by the pastor, Rev. Robt. Pearson.

Mr. Mecklenberg, A.M., Munich '88, the famous eye specialist, will be at Alberta Hotel, Red Deer, on Monday, October 2nd. Now is your opportunity of having your eyes properly attended to by a reliable eye specialist. Charges are moderate, and he offers ten dollars if he fails to give you absolute satisfaction, no matter who else has tried and failed to do so. Edmonton office, 313, Jasper East. Phone 5225.

James Marles, of Willowdale, stacked his splendid barley last week. Mr. Marles is one of the strong anti-reciprocity farmers of the district, and he is one of the most progressive farmers in Alberta. It was rumored he was going to vote for reciprocity, but he characterizes the rumor as untruthful, scandalous, outrageous and infernal. He is strongly convinced it would be the worst thing ever happened to Canada to have reciprocity.

Mrs. Jane Frank, mother of Mrs. W. Postill, who was visiting Mrs. Wm. Piper, and was waiting to go out to Mr. Postill's ranch, was stricken with paralysis on Thursday last. The Misses Emmerson were in the house with her and she had every attention. Mr. and Mrs. Postill were sent for and came in on Friday from the ranch, and at last report she is slightly better but unable to use her left side. As she is over seventy years of age, there is slight hope of her ultimate recovery.

The Financial District Meeting of the Red Deer District was held last Wednesday evening and part of Thursday. The Rev. Arthur Barner, chairman of the district, presided. In addition to the Rev. T. C. Buchanan, superintendent of Missions for Alberta, ministers from all of the fields in the district were present. It was decided to adjust the work on the Kneehill Valley and Lakeview fields so that one man can carry on the work of the two fields. A resolution was also adopted approving the work of the Local Option campaign, and urging the various ministers to give it their hearty support.

Mrs. C. W. Parke will receive on the 2nd Thursday.

W. K. Brown has sold out his tailoring business to J. Munro.

Mrs. W. E. Payne will not receive on Thursday, 14th of September.

Now is the time to order a new car for next year. Talk it over with the Ford people.

Good roads, moonlight nights and other inducements are making joy riding quite fashionable again.

Look out for further announcement of the annual sale of work to be held by the Baptist Ladies' Aid on Oct. 5th.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Luke's Church will not hold a tag day, as advertised, on Sept. 15th. A. R. Stent, Rec. Sec'y-Treas.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Davison went to the hospital on Sept. 14th. Mrs. Davison stayed over for a short time.

F. H. McLean, the senior member of the firm of McLean Brothers, went east last week on an extensive purchasing trip in the interests of the firm.

Miss May Darby, of Toronto, who has been staying with her aunt, Mrs. J. H. Bennett, at Willowdale, is spending a few days in Red Deer as the guest of Mrs. W. Scott.

Commissioner Davison has just received advice from the P.O. department that a semi-weekly mail service will be established between Prairie Grange and Staufer.

Malcolm & Carscallen moved into their new offices in the Northern Crown bank building last Thursday. Their old stand in the Alberta Hotel has been taken by Miller & Lund.

Mr. C. W. Parke has visiting him this week his brother William, of Caledonia, Ont., and his nephew, Wm. Hammond, of Burlington, Ont. Mr. Hammond intends locating in the west.

Chief of Police George Bell seized samples of milk last Friday for testing purposes, with the following results: Triable Dairy Co., 3.4, 4.2, V. B. German, 3.4, 3.8. All four samples were above the requirements.

Mrs. J. W. Broughton has just returned home, after spending a most delightful holiday at Willowdale "Farm," the home of ex-mayor Mrs. S. E. McKee and family. They all look remarkably well, and appear to enjoy farm life and hard work.

Smith & Gaetz have just opened up a very nice line of towel racks, glass and sponge holders and other bath room fittings at their plumbing department on Gaetz Avenue. Some of these are complete and unbiased details from all parts of the Dominion the election returns during intervals of a specially selected programme for that occasion.

Messrs. Vinberg & Co., proprietors of the new clothing store to be opened on Ross Street, wish to announce that, owing to unforeseen delays, their opening will be somewhat retarded. They, however, will be during the month of September; exact date will appear in the advertisement shortly.

De Wardo Babcock, of the Lyric Photoplay and Theatre, in sympathy with the interest of his patrons, will install a private wire and operator to receive and report to the audience on Thursday night, September 14th, at 8 o'clock, under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of St. Luke's. A good programme promised, also a great variety of good home-made cookery will be sold. All are welcome.

Mr. Mecklenberg, A.M., Munich '88, the famous eye specialist, will be at Alberta Hotel, Red Deer, on Monday, October 2nd. Now is your opportunity of having your eyes properly attended to by a reliable eye specialist. Charges are moderate, and he offers ten dollars if he fails to give you absolute satisfaction, no matter who else has tried and failed to do so. Edmonton office, 313, Jasper East. Phone 5225.

James Marles, of Willowdale, stacked his splendid barley last week. Mr. Marles is one of the strong anti-reciprocity farmers of the district, and he is one of the most progressive farmers in Alberta. It was rumored he was going to vote for reciprocity, but he characterizes the rumor as untruthful, scandalous, outrageous and infernal. He is strongly convinced it would be the worst thing ever happened to Canada to have reciprocity.

Mrs. Jane Frank, mother of Mrs. W. Postill, who was visiting Mrs. Wm. Piper, and was waiting to go out to Mr. Postill's ranch, was stricken with paralysis on Thursday last. The Misses Emmerson were in the house with her and she had every attention. Mr. and Mrs. Postill were sent for and came in on Friday from the ranch, and at last report she is slightly better but unable to use her left side. As she is over seventy years of age, there is slight hope of her ultimate recovery.

The Financial District Meeting of the Red Deer District was held last Wednesday evening and part of Thursday. The Rev. Arthur Barner, chairman of the district, presided. In addition to the Rev. T. C. Buchanan, superintendent of Missions for Alberta, ministers from all of the fields in the district were present. It was decided to adjust the work on the Kneehill Valley and Lakeview fields so that one man can carry on the work of the two fields. A resolution was also adopted approving the work of the Local Option campaign, and urging the various ministers to give it their hearty support.

Mrs. C. W. Parke will receive on the 2nd Thursday.

W. K. Brown has sold out his tailoring business to J. Munro.

Mrs. W. E. Payne will not receive on Thursday, 14th of September.

Now is the time to order a new car for next year. Talk it over with the Ford people.

Good roads, moonlight nights and other inducements are making joy riding quite fashionable again.

Look out for further announcement of the annual sale of work to be held by the Baptist Ladies' Aid on Oct. 5th.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Luke's Church will not hold a tag day, as advertised, on Sept. 15th. A. R. Stent, Rec. Sec'y-Treas.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Davison went to the hospital on Sept. 14th. Mrs. Davison stayed over for a short time.

F. H. McLean, the senior member of the firm of McLean Brothers, went east last week on an extensive purchasing trip in the interests of the firm.

Miss May Darby, of Toronto, who has been staying with her aunt, Mrs. J. H. Bennett, at Willowdale, is spending a few days in Red Deer as the guest of Mrs. W. Scott.

Commissioner Davison has just received advice from the P.O. department that a semi-weekly mail service will be established between Prairie Grange and Staufer.

Malcolm & Carscallen moved into their new offices in the Northern Crown bank building last Thursday. Their old stand in the Alberta Hotel has been taken by Miller & Lund.

Mr. C. W. Parke has visiting him this week his brother William, of Caledonia, Ont., and his nephew, Wm. Hammond, of Burlington, Ont. Mr. Hammond intends locating in the west.

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F. H. McLean, the senior member of the firm of McLean Brothers, went east last week on an extensive purchasing trip in the interests of the firm.

Strayed from the premises of the undersigned, six milks' west of Red Deer, about the 25th of May, two mares, one three years old and one eight years old, with one yearling colt, star in forehead, white front feet and all brown. The oldest mare is branded T on shoulder and Sept. 7 with half circles above on flank. \$10 a head reward is offered for recovery.

D. M. HALL,
Red Deer P.O., Sept. 12.

LIVE POULTRY.
I will buy live poultry at the creamery, Red Deer, every day. The following prices are good until further notice:

Fat Hens 10c per lb.
No. 2 Hens 8c per lb.
Fat Chickens 9c per lb.
No. 2 Chickens 7c per lb.
Ducks 15c per lb.
Turkeys 15c per lb.
Cook Birds 7c per lb.
All poultry to have absolutely empty crops.

A. M. BRINK.

CONSERVATIVE MEETINGS
Meetings in the interests of

A. A. MCGILLIVRAY
Conservative Candidate in the Red Deer Federal Constituency

will be held as follows:

Sept. 14th, Thursday, Mountain House Mr. E. Michener.

14th, Thursday, Ewart Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

15th, Friday, Clive Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

16th, Saturday, Ponoka Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

18th, Monday, Botha Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

18th, Monday, Erskine Mr. E. Michener.

19th, Tuesday, Out of Castor Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

19th, Tuesday, Halkirk Mr. E. Michener.

20th, Wednesday, Stettler Mr. A. A. McGillivray.

20th, Wednesday, Castor Mr. E. Michener.

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TO RENT.—A new eight-roomed house, good location and large grounds, with a good barn on property. Will be vacant on October 1st. For terms, etc., apply to GEO. H. BEST, Red Deer, Sept. 13.

WANTED.—A good general servant. Apply to Mrs. R. B. Welliver, 30 Fourth Street North, Red Deer, Sept. 13.

WANTED.—Good general servant. No cooking. Apply to Mrs. J. M. Smith, Red Deer, Sept. 12.

CREDIT SALE.
Favored with instructions from Mr. E. Gray, Hilldown, I will sell by public auction at his home, N.E. Quarter 20-37-25, three and one half miles S.E. of Hilldown P.O., the following:

Tuesday, Sept. 26
the following:

8 HEAD OF HORSES: Team geldings, 2500 lbs. Saddle Pony, 900; Mare with foal at foot; bay filly 16 months; brown filly, 16 months; brown colt, 16 months.

20 HEAD OF CATTLE: 4 milch cows; pure bred Jersey cow; grade Jersey heifer; pure bred Jersey bull; Hereford cow; 4 3-year-old steers; 2-year-old steer; 2-year-old heifer; yearling steer; 5 steer calves.

1 grade Shropshire ram. Implements, Furniture and Miscellaneous: 12 sets bob sleighs; disk harrows; drag harrows; demountable plow; Frost & Wood mower, Frost & Wood rake; Bain wagon; hay rack; wheelbarrow; 400 feet lumber; 3-horse vanner; lawn mower; grindstone; work harness; stock saddle; saddle pad; lady's side saddle; three horse collar; 2 bridles; curry combs and brush; 2 bits; brass stytle; well auger; 4 sets of brands; forks; pick; muckhook; hay knife; axe; spears; garden tools; crosscut saw; new roll of wire netting; cow bells; cow chains; hay forks; carpenter's bench; 8 kitchen chairs; 2 garden chairs; washing machine; cook stove; 3 tables; cream separator; churn; wringer; arm chair; rocker; heating stove; desk chair; roll top desk; carpet; floor bin with plate rack; china dinner service; sewing machine; platform scale; bread machine; kitchen range; iron bed and mattress; wooden bed and 2 mattresses; 2 camp beds; 2 wash stands; 2 bureaus. Also many other things to numerous to mention.

There will also be a stack of good hay, a stack of green feed, potatoes and other vegetables.

Terms: All sums of \$20 and under, cash. Over that amount a credit of 9 months will be given purchaser furnishing an approved joint: bankable note with interest at 8 per cent. from date of sale. A discount of 5 per cent. will be given on all sums over \$20 for cash.

People going east should take turn to right after passing Hilldown post office. Guide notices will be posted on trails. Come early to insure prompt start. There may have a long distance to travel.

Sale at 10 a.m. prompt. Lunch at noon.

A. ROGERS, Auctioneer

HAIRY HILL AUCTION SALE.
At the home of W. P. Counts, 372, 3rd St. S.E., Parkdale, on

Friday, Sept. 22nd
at 1 o'clock sharp, will be sold at public auction, all of the household goods, without reserve, consisting of: 14 bedsteads; 13 iron bedsteads; 1 parlor table; 3 rocking chairs; side chair; 7 ft. dining table, new; office board; new 8 dining chairs; heating stove; iron bedstead with springs; 3 small tables; cook stove; kitchen sink; kitchen range, new; kitchen safe; a complete line of dining and kitchen dishes; parlor lamp; glass lamps; bamboo rack, and other articles too numerous to mention.

OUTSIDE—Blue, 6 m mare, 7 yrs. old, weight 1300 lbs., a thoroughly good work horse; bay mare, 7 yrs. old, city broke, a perfectly safe ladies' driver; rubber tire buggy; 400 lbs. set single harness; 2 horse blankets, lawn mower and many small articles.

Terms: All sums of \$10 and over 9 months credit, secured by joint bankable note at 8 per cent. A discount of 5 per cent. for cash.

A. ROGERS, Auctioneer.

Sept. 13, 2v.

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